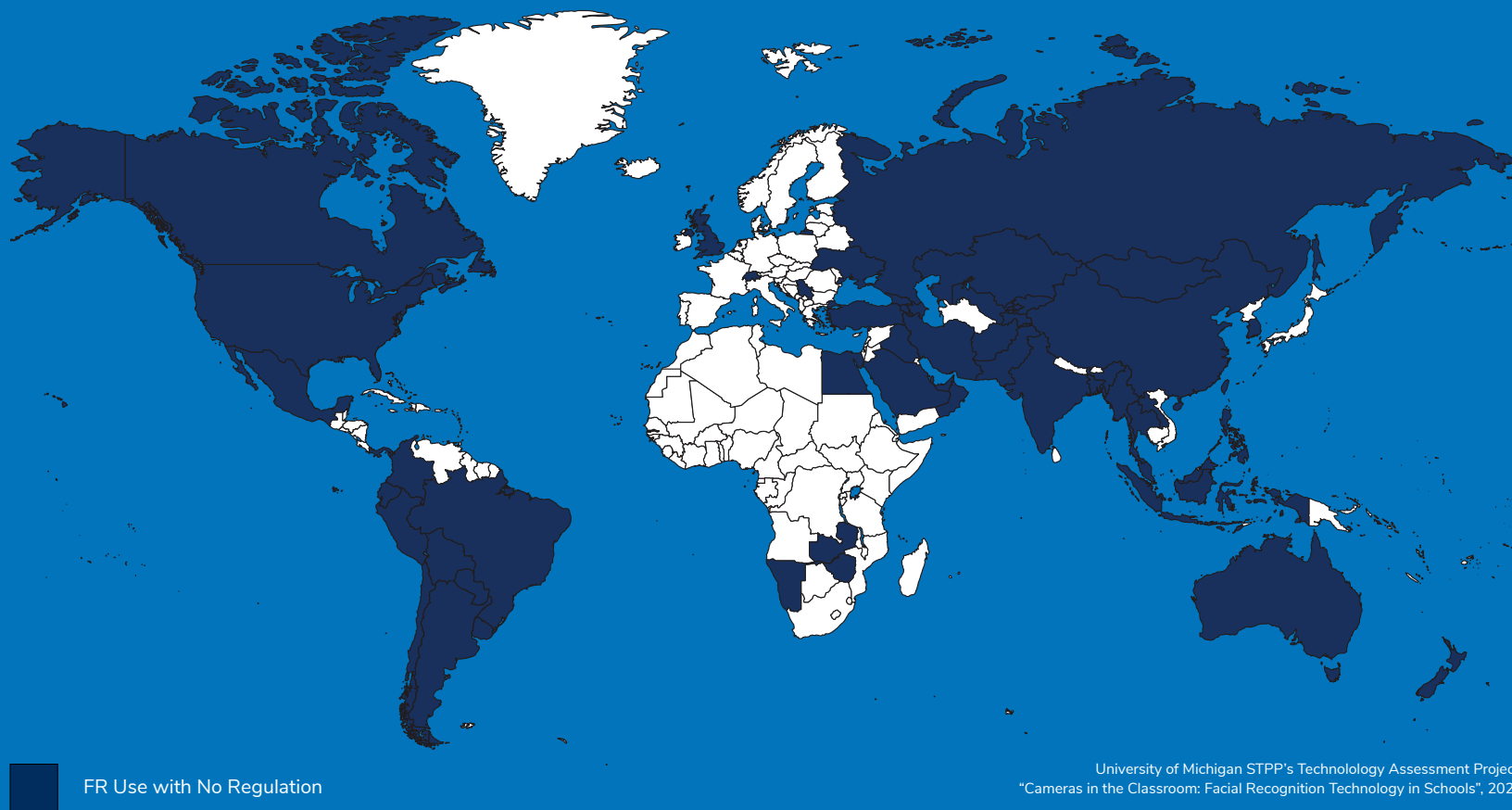
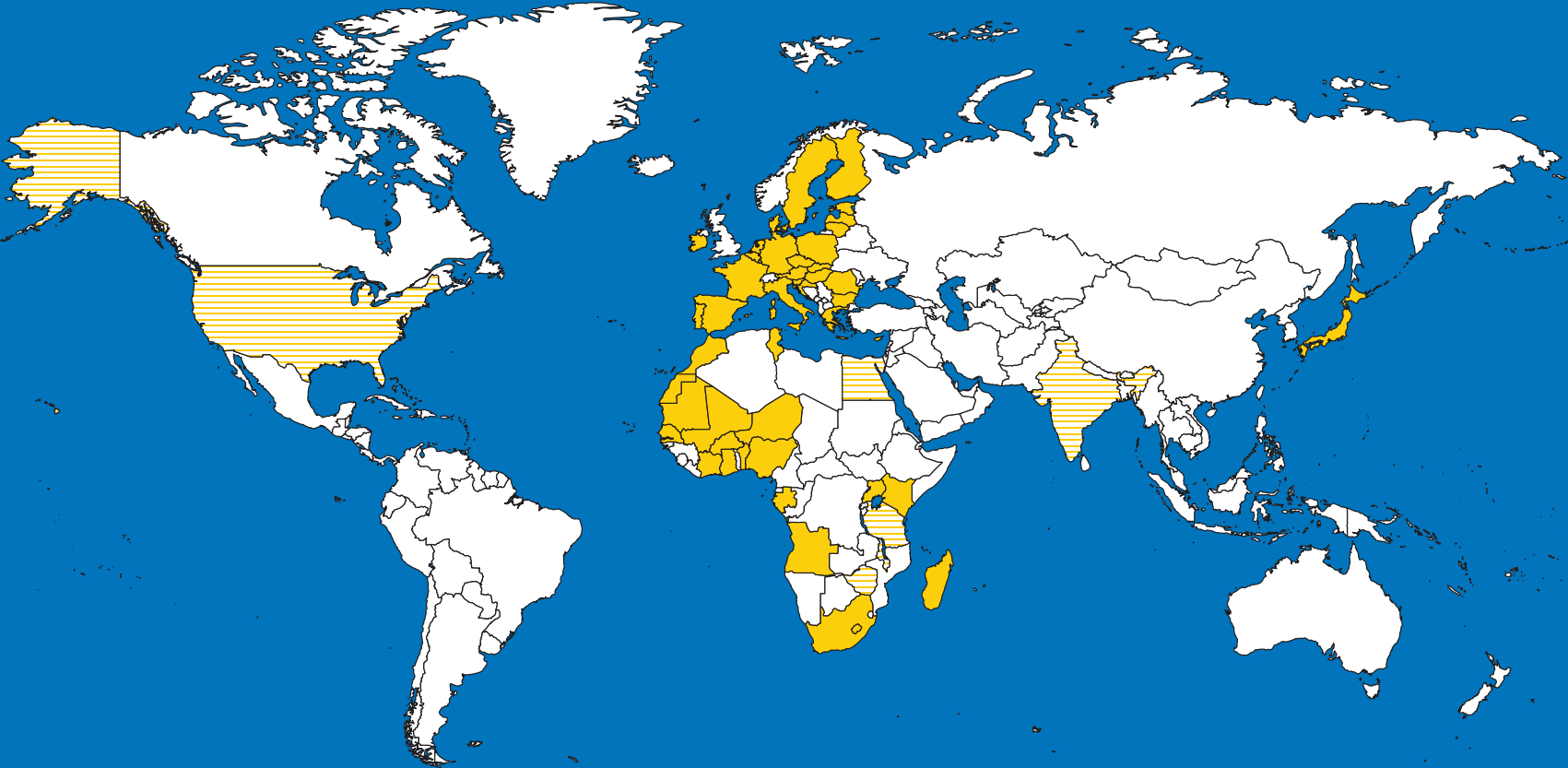





National and International Policy Maps

Map A: Countries Using Facial Recognition without National Regulation

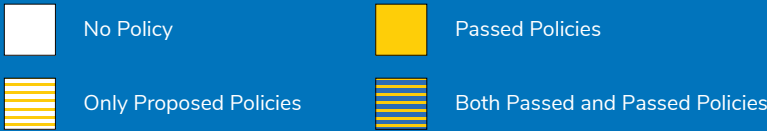
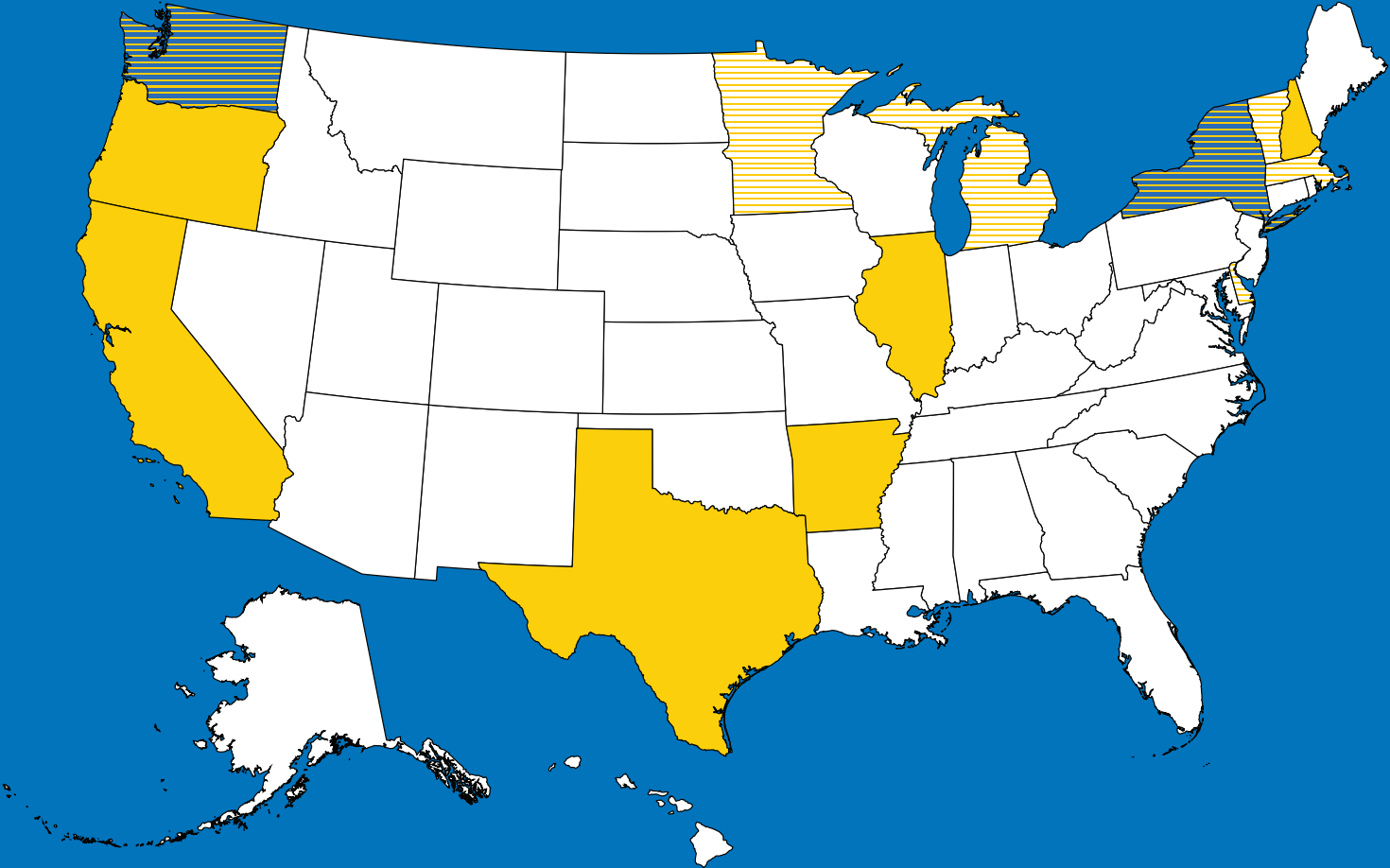


Map B: Facial Recognition Policies at the National Level



-  No Policy
-  Only Proposed Policies
-  Passed Policies


Map C: Facial Recognition Policies at the US State Level



Sources for Map Data

In order to understand the full extent of FR use and policies in each country and US state, we did our own searches across a variety of sources. (There is no single comprehensive report covering this.) To inform Map A: Countries Using Facial Recognition without National Regulation, we used the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace’s AI Global Surveillance (AIGS) Index (Feldstein, 2019). This index indicated each national government that uses FR. We then removed the countries that had regulatory policies in place. For Map B: Facial Recognition Policy Status by Country two of us, working

independently, searched Google repeatedly using a variety of search terms. We also used Deloitte’s report “Privacy is Paramount: Personal Data Protection in Africa”. We included every European Union nation since they all fall under the GDPR. Finally, for Map C: Facial Recognition Policy Status by US States, we gathered data primarily from resources created by Fight for the Future, the Electronic Privacy Information Center, Wired, and the Project on Government Oversight, in addition to Google (Fight for the Future, n.d.; Electronic Privacy Information Center, n.d.; Crawford, 2019; Ulle, 2019). For access to the raw data that informed these maps, email stpp@umich.edu

 Full references to the citations in this document are available in the [full report](#).